# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS

# **EXTENSION LECTURES**



# Pingle Govt. College for Women (A), Waddepally AUTONOMOUS HANUMAKONDA -506370, TELANGANA

## **DEPARTMENT OF**

## **COMPUTER SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS**

# 2022 - 2023

# **EXTENSION** LECTURES

## **ABSTRACT OF Extension Lectures**

Year	Name of the Extension Lectures	Name of the Resource Person	Number of Participants	Date	
2022 - 2023	Extension Lecture on Latest technologies in computer science	Dr. G. Bapuji	150	17-02-2023	
2022 - 2023	Extension Lecture on Normalization	V. Poorna Chander	75	21-11-2022	

#### Letter for Extension Lecture approval

То

The Principal Pingle Govt. College for women(A), Waddepally Hanumakonda.

Respected Sir,

**Sub:** Conducting of Extension Lecture - Department of Computer Science and Applications - req.reg.

With reference to the subject cited, I' am herewith placing a request to accord the permission for conducting Extension Lecture for all Computer students B.Sc.(Phy. Science & Life Science) in the month of 17th Febrauary 2023. In this regard, I request you to accept the appeal and do the needful.

Thanking you sir,

Yours faithfully

(T. Aruna) Department Of Computer Science and Applications

#### The Aims and objectives:

The aim of the latest technologies in computer science are multifaceted and far-reaching, encompassing a broad spectrum of goals

#### **Objectives:**

- Automate tasks, optimize processes, and tackle complex challenges that were previously intractable.
- Create more intuitive and natural interactions with technology, enhance learning and training experiences, and provide immersive entertainment.
- Technologies: Natural language processing (NLP), augmented reality (AR), virtual reality (VR), 5G networks.
- Accelerate scientific discovery, improve healthcare, and develop innovative solutions for various challenges.
- Promote sustainability, enhance accessibility and inclusion, and facilitate global communication and collaboration.

#### Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML):

- Generative AI: This subfield focuses on creating new content, like music, images, and even code, using AI algorithms. Imagine AI designing clothes or composing personalized symphonies!
- Edge AI: Processing data closer to its source for faster, more efficient decision-making, especially in areas like autonomous vehicles and smart cities.

#### **Quantum Computing:**

• Harnessing the power of quantum mechanics to solve complex problems that are impossible for classical computers, revolutionizing fields like materials science and drug discovery.

#### Cybersecurity:

• With the increasing reliance on technology, securing our data and systems becomes ever more crucial. New AI-powered solutions are emerging to combat cyber threats and protect against evolving attacks.

#### Virtual and Augmented Reality (VR/AR):

• VR and AR are moving beyond gaming and entertainment, finding applications in training, education, and even remote surgery. Imagine attending a concert across the globe or learning anatomy through interactive 3D models.

#### Other exciting trends:

- **Digital Twins:** Creating virtual representations of physical systems, like factories or power grids, for real-time monitoring and optimization.
- **Robotics Process Automation (RPA)**: Automating repetitive tasks using software robots, freeing up human workers for more creative and strategic work.
- **Block chain:** This distributed ledger technology is not just for cryptocurrencies anymore. Its secure and transparent data management capabilities are finding uses in supply chain management and voting systems.

#### Conclusion:

The Extension Lecture will conclude with a summary of the topics covered and provide attendees with resources for further learning about the latest technologies in computer science.

Overall, the Extension Lecture aims to equip attendees with the necessary knowledge and skills to understand and latest technologies.

EXTENSION LECTURE BY Dr. G. Bapuji, Asst. Prof. in Computer Science









#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

- Living beings are intelligent; but are man made non living beings also intelligent???
- Can a machine
- ➤make discoveries?
- >pass a ruling order in a court?
- ➤ compose a symphony?
- ≽go for a PLAN B?
- ≻decide to wait or let go?



#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SUBSETS

- MACHINE LEARNING
- ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS
- DEEP LEARNING
- COMPUER VISION
- NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING
- SPEECH RECOGNITION

The following students participated:

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#### Letter for Extension Lecture approval

To The Principal Pingle Govt. College for Women (A), Waddepally Hanumakonda.

Respected Sir,

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With reference to the subject cited, I am herewith placing a request to accord the permission for conducting Extension Lecture for all students of B.Sc. (Phy. Science & Life Science) in the month of November, 2022. In this regard, I request you to accept the appeal and do the needful.

Thanking you sir,

Yours faithfully

Kinz

(T. Aruna) Department Of Computer Science and Applications

The main aim of normalization in database design is to eliminate data redundancy and improve data integrity. This translates into several specific objectives: **Objectives**:

- Reduce data redundancy
- Improve data integrity
- Enhance data consistency
- Minimize storage space
- Simplify data manipulation

#### Normalization:

Normalization is a process of organizing data in a database to reduce redundancy and improve data integrity. We will explore the different normal forms, their advantages and disadvantages, and how to apply normalization techniques to database design.

- Normalization helps to eliminate duplicate data in a database, which can lead to several problems. These problems include:
  - \* Insertion anomalies: When inserting new data, you may need to insert the same data into multiple tables.
  - \* Deletion anomalies: When deleting data, you may accidentally delete related data from other tables.
  - \* Update anomalies: When updating data, you may need to update the same data in multiple tables.

#### **Functional Dependencies:**

- A functional dependency (FD) is a relationship between two attributes in a table, where the value of one attribute determines the value of another attribute.
- Example: In a customer table, the customer\_id determines the customer\_name.

Functional dependencies are important for understanding normalization because they can lead to data redundancy. If there is a functional dependency between two attributes, and both attributes are included in the same table, then the data for the dependent attribute may be duplicated.

#### **Normal Forms**

- Normalization involves applying a series of rules to a database schema to eliminate data redundancy.
- There are different levels of normalization, each with its own set of rules:
  - First normal form (1NF)
  - Second normal form (2NF)
  - Third normal form (3NF)
  - Boyce-Codd normal form (BCNF)

Each normal form builds upon the previous one, resulting in a more normalized database schema. The higher the normal form, the less data redundancy there is in the database.

#### First Normal Form (1NF)

- A table is in 1NF if:
  - All attribute values are atomic (cannot be further decomposed)
  - No repeating groups of attributes

A table is in 1NF if it does not contain any repeating groups of data. This means that each cell in the table should contain a single value, and there should be no nested tables or lists within cells.

#### Second Normal Form (2NF)

- A table is in 2NF if it is in 1NF and:
  - Every non-key attribute is fully dependent on the primary key

A table is in 2NF if it is in 1NF and there are no partial dependencies. A partial dependency occurs when a non-key attribute is dependent on only a part of the primary key.

#### Third Normal Form (3NF)

- A table is in 3NF if it is in 2NF and:
  - No non-key attribute is transitive

The key point of normalization is to organize data in a database to minimize redundancy and improve data integrity. This is achieved by:

Eliminating duplicate data: By storing data in separate tables based on their relationships, you avoid having the same information repeated in multiple places.

- Enhancing data consistency: Normalization ensures that data updates are reflected consistently across all related tables, reducing the risk of inconsistencies and errors.
- Improving data manipulation: With normalized tables, data retrieval, modification, and deletion become more efficient and straightforward.
- Minimizing storage space: By removing redundant data, normalization helps to optimize storage space and reduce overall database size.

**Conclusion:** The extension lecture will conclude with a summary of the topics covered and provide attendees with resources for further learning about Normalization

#### **EXTENSION LECTURE BY** V. Poorna Chander, Lecturer in Computer Science and Application







# 1) DEFINE NORMALIZATION

#### Normalization can be defined as :-

- A process of organizing the data in database to avoid data redundancy, insertion anomaly, update anomaly & deletion anomaly.
- A process of organizing data into tables in such a way that the results of using the database are always unambiguous and as intended. Such normalization is intrinsic to relational database theory. It may have the effect of duplicating data within the database and often results in the creation of additional tables.

### Types of normalization

- First Normal Form (1NF)
- Second Normal Form (2NF)
- Third Normal Form (3NF)
- Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF)
- Fourth Normal Form (4NF)
- Fifth Normal Form (5NF)

#### The following students participated:

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10	5 2005-22-703-100	ARKALA SHIRFESHA	A- Shistesho
T	5 2005-22-703-1006	BADAVATH SHIRISHA	Shirisha
17	7 2005-22-703-1007	BANALA RAVALL	Ravell
8	2005-22-703-1008	BANDA BHAVIKA	B. Bhavika.
9	2005-22-703-1009	BEESULA RASHMITHA	Rashmitha
10	2005-22-703-1010	BHUKYA PRASHANTHI	Brashapthi
11	2005-22-703-1012	BOMMERABOINA SRAVANTHI	R. Stavanthi
12	2005-22-703-1013	CHINNALA AKULA	141-10
13	2005-22-703-1014	CHINTHAKUNTLA PANAVA	C DOMVO
14	2005-22-703-1015	CHINTHALA SAMPLIYA	Carlling
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16	2005-22-703-1017	CHITTAMAADALLI SUSUAA SKI	C. Kavyasol
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18	2005-22-703-1019	DEBAKA BUAGU	D. Sirichandana-
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24	2005-22-703-1025	CIRAVENU HARMA	-Gi puja
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27	2005-22-703-1028	GUGULOTH SINDHU	-67. sindhu.
28	2005-22-703-1029	GUNDEBOINA POOJITHA	Poojitha
20	2005-22-703-1030	GUNDLAPELLI SHARANYA	Gi-Staranya.
20	2005-22-703-1031	GUNDU NAGALAKSHMI	Nagalakshmi
21	2005-22-703-1032	GURNULE SONY	fi Sony
22	2005-22-703-1033	HALAVATH SOUJANYA	H. Salian Va
32	2005-22-703-1034	KADEM MAHESHWARI	K. Mahashimy
33 4	2005-22-703-1035	KADEM MANEESHA	Maneesha
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36 2	005-22-703-1038	KASTURI DIVYA	K OW
37 2	005-22-703-1039	KORAGATLA NAVYA	k. Diya
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85	2005-22-802-109	1 MARUPATLA REENA	minunusa		43	2005-22-802-104	5 EDUNURI SREEJA	E Sager
86	2005-22-802-109	2 MASOODA BEGUM	Reeng		44	2005-22-802-104	6 ENUGALA ASHPA	E. Asher
87	2005-22-802-109	3 MD PARVEENA	Masouda Begum		45	2005-22-802-104	7 ENUGALA BABY	F. Baby
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92	2005-22-802-1099	MOHAMMAD PARVEEN	MD-Kanshma		50	2005-22-802-1056	GUNDLAPALLY SAI CHANDANA	G. Sai chandana
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94	2005-22-802-1101	MOOD LAVANYA	M-Abhula M Lauran HO		52	2005-22-802-1058	INALA SRILATHA	. Soilatha
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6	2005-22-802-1103	MOTE SRIVANI	M. Szala		54	2005-22-802-1060	JALTHARI ANUSHA	J. Anusha
7	2005-22-802-1104	MUNDRATHI TEJA	MI Salvani		55	2005-22-802-1061	JAMALPURI GNANESHWARI	anane Sumo
8	2005-22-802-1105	MURAHARI AKHILA	M- leja		56	2005-22-802-1062	JAMPALA GOUTHAMI	Gowlani
9 2	2005-22-802-1106	MUTHYALA SUSHMA	M Akhila		57	2005-22-802-1063	JATOTHU KARUNA SRI	J. Koden szi
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2 2	005-22-802-1109	NERELLA RAMYA	Nº Ceshwani		60 2	2005-22-802-1066	KADAKANCHI MANASA	K. Manasa
3 2	005-22-802-1110	NYALAM KEERTHANA	N. Kamya		61 2	005-22-802-1067	KAMERA ANJALI	K. Anjali
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20	05-22-802-1116	PALUKA SHYLAJA	r. AKSITHA-	6	7 20	005-22-802-1073	KONDA RESHMA	K.Reshma
20	05-22-802-1117	PANDUGA IVOTHIKA	P. Shylaya	6	8 20	05-22-802-1074	KOSARI MALLESHWARI	K. malleshwari
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